

WAYS TO EXPRESS FUTURE

Look at these sentences. Say what tense is used in each sentence and why.

- He will be in prison for a long time.
- The lesson starts at noon.
- I'm going to help my brother next week.
- We're seeing a musical at the theatre next week.
- You look tired. I'll cook dinner tonight.
- Tom's carrying a toolbox. He's going to repair the door.
- I think they will buy a new house.

- He will be in prison for a long time.

Future Simple for indefinite time in the future/prediction

- The lesson starts at noon.

Present Simple for timetables

- I'm going to help my brother next week.

Going to for fixed arrangements in the future

- We're seeing a musical at the theatre next week.

Present Continuous for fixed plans in the near future

- You look tired. I'll cook dinner tonight.

Future Simple for decisions made at the moment of speaking

- Tom's carrying a toolbox. He's going to repair the door.

Going to for predictions based on some evidence

- I think they will buy a new house.

Future Simple for predictions with verbs: think, believe, assume, guess...

Complete the sentence:

- After we graduate/have graduated(graduate) from college, we will take a year off to travel.
- **NOT:** After we **will graduate** from college, we will take a year off to travel.

What's the difference between:

- You **must finish** this by tomorrow.
 - vs.
- Children **have to finish** elementary school.
 - You **mustn't be** late for dinner!
 - vs.
- You **needn't go** to the doctor's. Your blood test results are okay.
 - I **can speak** five languages. / My grandfather **could speak** Russian.
 - vs.
- The fire spread quickly, but I **was able to escape**.

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Page 45, ex. II

The Passive Voice

Passive versus Active

- In an active sentence, the emphasis is on the performer of the action (*the agent*)

Jake Brown	has stolen	an expensive painting.
subject (the agent)	verb (active form)	object (the recipient)

Passive versus Active

- In a passive sentence the emphasis is on the action itself, not on the agent
- The agent may be unknown or unimportant
- Only transitive verbs can form passive

An expensive painting	has been stolen	(by Jake Brown).
the recipient	verb (passive form)	(by + the agent)

- Example?
- The email was sent to all students (by Students' Department).
- Active sentence:
- Students' Department sent the email to all students.

FORM: BE + PAST PARTICIPLE

- Present Simple am/are/is + past participle
- Pres. Continuous am/are/is **being** + past
participle
- Past Simple was/were + past
participle
- Past Continuous was/were **being** + past participle
- Present Perfect have/has **been** + past
participle
- Past Perfect had **been** + past participle
- will/would/can/could/may/might/should/ought to + be
+ past participle
- Future Perfect will + have + been + past
participle

Passive Voice of Ditransitive Verbs

- Ditransitive verbs can have two objects (an indirect and a direct object) and can have two passives:
- *e. g. Someone gave her a bulldog.*
- *A bulldog was given to her.*
- *She was given a bulldog.*

Circle the correct answer

1. Don't worry, Mr. Pete. I'll have a replacement printer _____ to you immediately.
 - a) to send
 - b) to be sent
 - c) sent
 - d) sending
2. Is the burglar _____ as we speak?
 - a) arrested
 - b) being arrested
 - c) beeing arrested
 - d) arresting
3. The computers we sell _____ in this country, although the parts come from Taiwan.
 - a) assemble
 - b) are assembling
 - c) assembled
 - d) are assembled

4. Dinner _____ while I was reading a book last night.

- a) was cooking
- b) had been cooked
- c) will be cooked
- d) was being cooked

5. I can assure you that this file _____ before I opened it this morning.

- a) has never been opened
- b) was never opened
- c) should've never been opened
- d) had never been opened

6. Several options are currently _____.

- a) considered
- b) considering
- c) being considered
- d) in consideration

7. Your email _____ yesterday.

- a) was received
- b) was being received
- c) received
- d) will be received

8. The factory _____ in 1986.

- a) founded
- b) was founded
- c) has been founded
- d) was found

9. The manual _____ in German so I can't read it.

- a) written
- b) is writen
- c) writen
- d) is written

10. All the data _____ from my computer by accident and now I can't finish my project.

- a) is being deleted
- b) was been deleted
- c) has been deleted
- d) will be deleted

12. Millions of dollars _____ into R&D.

- a) are been poured
- b) are being poured
- c) are pouring
- d) pour

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Page 97, ex. IV

Page 100, ex. I